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Our Ref: CSA/CPA6/5(e) CORPORATE FILARICE

Cathay Pacific Airways Limited

Company Secretary's Department 35th Floor, Two Pacific Place 88 Queensway, Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2840 8873 Facsimile: (852) 2845 5445 www.cathaypacific.com

8<sup>th</sup> March 2006

# By Registered Airmail

Securities and Exchange Commission
Office of International Corporate Finance
Division of Corporation Finance
450 Fifth Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20549



SUPPL

Dear Sirs/Madam,

U.S.A.

# Cathay Pacific Airways Limited: File No. 82-1390

Pursuant to Cathay Pacific Airways Limited's ("the Company") obligation under Rule 12g3-2(b) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, we are pleased to enclose the following documents of the Company for your record:

- (1) Announcement Form;
- (2) Press Release;
- (3) Text of Advertisements which will appear in the publications.

Yours faithfully,
For CATHAY PACIFIC AIRWAYS LIMITED

PROCESSEL MAR 17 2006 THOMSUN

David Fu
Company Secretary

DF/HL/df Encl.

c.c.: Mr. D. Andres Estay (w/ encl.), Assistant Vice President, The Bank of New York (By e-mail: destay@bankofny.com)



To

Listing of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Information Services of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

(Tel: 2840 3423 Fax: 2523 1254)

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7	AD.	ODT	A NOTE	NO	TEC.

1) IT IS IMPORTANT THAT YOU READ THE NOTES ATTACHED TO THIS FORM. IF YOU ARE IN ANY DOUBT ABOUT THIS FORM, YOU SHOULD CONSULT THE EXCHANGE OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL ADVISER IMMEDIATELY.

2) PLEASE ENSURE ALL FIELDS ARE COMPLETED (YOU MAY FILL IN THE FIELD WITH "N/A" OR "NIL" WHERE IT IS NOT APPLICABLE) & ACCURATE WHEN COMPLETING THIS FORM AS INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS FORM WILL BE RELEASED ON THE EXCHANGE'S SYSTEM UPON RECEIPT.

3) PLEASE SIGN AT THE BOTTOM RIGHT CORNER ON EVERY PAGES OF THIS FORM AND THE NOTES ATTACHED (IF ANY).

4) ALL SUBSEQUENT CHANGES TO THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS FORM, IN PARTICULAR THE BOOK CLOSING DATES, MUST BE NOTIFIED TO THE LISTING BY TELEPHONE AND FOLLOWED BY A WRITTEN CONFIRMATION IMMEDIATELY.

From : Cathay Pacific Airways Limi	ted	No. of pages: 3
(Name of Company/Represen	ntative Company)	
David Fu	2840 8862	8 <sup>th</sup> March 2006
(Responsible Official)	(Contact Telephone Number	r) Date
Name of listed company: Cathay Pac	eific Airways Limited	Stock code: 0293
Year end date : 31 /12 / 20	005	
Currency : HK\$		
Change of any figures reported in the Re	esults Announcement Form subm	nitted previously for
the Last Corresponding Period?		
⊠ Yes	□ No	
To be published in the newspapers  ☐ Summarised results announcement	☐ Full results announcement	☑ Early adoption of new disclosure requirements (Note IV)
Auditors' Report (Note V)  ☐ Qualified ☐ Modified	☑ Unqualified	□ N/A
(FOR INTERIM RESULTS ONLY)		
Interim report reviewed by		1d
☐ Audit committee	☐ Auditors ☐ Ne.	ither of the above
	(Audited / <del>Unaudited</del>	*) (Audited / <del>Unaudited</del> *)
	Current Period	Last Corresponding Period
·	from <u>1/1/2005</u>	from <u>1/1/2004</u>
	to 31/12/2005	to 31/12/2004
	(HK\$)	(HK\$)
Turnover (Note 1) (Note 1)	: 50,909 million	42,761 million
Profit/(Loss) from Operations (Note II)	: 4,143 million	5,247 million
Finance cost	: (444 million)	(583 million)
Share of Profit / (Loss) of Associates (Note 1)	: 269 million	298 million
Share of Profit / (Loss) of		
Jointly Controlled Entities	: N/A	N/A
Profit / (Loss) after Taxation & MI	3,298 million	4,417 million
% Change over Last Period	: - 25.3 %	
* Please delete as appropriate.		/

EPS / (LPS) - Basic (in Dollars) (Note 2)	:	\$0.977		\$1.314	
- Diluted (in Dollars)	:	\$0.974		\$1.307	**************************************
Extraordinary ("ETD") Gain / (Loss)	:	Nil		Nil	
Profit / (Loss) after ETD Items	:	3,298 million		4,417 million	
1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter / Interim / 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter / Final * Dividend per Share (in Dollars) (specify if with other options)	: :	\$0.28 Nil		\$0.45 Nil	· ·
B / C Dates for 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter / Interim /- 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter / Final * Dividend Payable Date	: :	05/05/2006 02/06/2006	to	10/05/2006	bdi.
B / C Dates for (Annual) General Meeting Other Distribution for Current Period (Note III)	: :	05/05/2006 Nil	to	10/05/2006	bdi.
B / C Dates for Other Distribution  * Please delete as appropriate.	:	N/A	to	N/A	bdi.

For and on behalf of Cathay Pacific Airways Limited

Signature
Printed Name

Printed Name

David Fu

Title : Company Secretary

Any description or an explanatory note (Notes V & VI) attached?

 $\boxtimes$  Yes (Number of pages attached:  $\underline{1}$ )

□ No

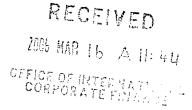
# **Explanatory Notes:**

- 1. Turnover is restated from HK\$39,065 million to HK\$42,761 million for the twelve months ended 31<sup>st</sup> December 2004 (a difference of HK\$3,696 million) due to a change in accounting policy in compliance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard HKAS 1 effective from 1st January 2005. Before the change, recoveries arising from surcharges or incidental activities were accounted for as deduction from expenses. After the change, such recoveries are accounted for as revenue. With the adoption of the revised HKAS 1, the share of profit of associates is also restated from HK\$356 million to HK\$298 million. Before the change, it was the share of profit before tax of the associates. After the change, it is profit after tax.
- 2. Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing Profit after Taxation and Minority Interest of HK\$3,298 million (2004: HK\$4,417 million) by the daily weighted average number of shares in issue throughout the year of 3,377 million (2004: 3,362 million) shares and 3,386 million (2004: 3,379 million) shares respectively with the latter adjusted for the effects of the share options.



# Media Information

8 March 2006



# CATHAY PACIFIC ANNOUNCES 2005 ANNUAL RESULTS

Results		2005	2004	Change
Turnover	HK\$ million	50,909	42,761	+19.1%
Attributable profit	HK\$ million	3,298	4,417	-25.3%
Earnings per share	HK cents	97.7	131.4	-25.6%
Dividend per share	HK cents	48.0	65.0	-26.2%

Cathay Pacific Airways today announced a reduced profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$3,298 million in its 2005 Annual Results compared with a profit of HK\$4,417 million the previous year as high fuel prices continued to weigh heavy on the airline.

Group turnover increased 19.1% to a record HK\$50,909 million. Fuel costs for the year increased 67.2% to HK\$15,588 million. Passenger and cargo fuel surcharges only partially offset this additional cost. The airline's unit cost excluding fuel decreased by 1.9% with continued efforts to increase productivity and reduce controllable overheads.

Passenger revenue increased 14.6% to a record HK\$30,274 million. The airline carried 15.4 million passengers in 2005, up from 13.7 million the previous year. Passenger yield improved 1.1% to HK46.3 cents with strong demand from First and Business Class passengers. Capacity, measured in terms of available seat kilometres, or ASKs, increased 11.8% as the airline continued to expand its fleet and network.

Cathay Pacific carried a record 1,118,047 tonnes of freight and set a cargo revenue record of HK\$11,585 million. New freighter services commenced to Shanghai, Dallas and Atlanta. However, both cargo yield and load factor decreased to HK\$1.75 and 67.0% respectively with increased competition and a slowdown in the growth of exports from Southern China.

The airline launched a third daily service to Los Angeles, a fourth daily service to London, and increased frequencies to Amsterdam, Beijing, Ho Chi Minh City, Johannesburg, Nagoya, Perth, Seoul and Singapore. It also commenced a new three-times-weekly service to Xiamen.

Cathay Pacific's continued confidence in Hong Kong's future as an aviation centre was underlined by its biggest ever order for new aircraft. The airline made commitments for 16 Boeing 777-300ER long-range aircraft and three Airbus 330-300s, which will be delivered between 2007 and 2010, and has purchase rights for a further 20 B777-300ERs.

Nine aircraft entered service in 2005, including the world's first B747-400BCF, or Boeing Converted Freighter, for which the airline has firm orders for five more and options for a further six. One new B747-400F freighter, one B777-300, three A330-300s and three refitted second-hand B747-400 passenger aircraft joined the fleet. Cathay Pacific's fleet will total 101 aircraft by September 2006, when the airline celebrates its 60th Anniversary.







# Media Information

Cathay Pacific Chairman Christopher Pratt said: "Demand was strong in 2005 and we remain optimistic about our future even though our 2006 results are likely to remain heavily dependent on fuel prices. Efforts will stay focused on delivering superior service and value to our customers, profitably growing our operations and strengthening Hong Kong's position as a global aviation hub. Our commitment to setting the industry standard for service led to several major awards, including 'Airline of the Year'. These awards are a tribute to the hard work and dedication of all our staff, whose continued support enabled us to achieve the results announced today."

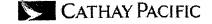
# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT:

Carolyn Leung, Corp Comm Mgr, Public Affairs, (852) 2747-5393 or 7901 5393 or 6053 6066 Maria Yu, Corp Comm Mgr, Media Relations, (852) 2747-5363 or 9156 8431or 7901 5368

The Cathay Pacific Website can be found at <u>www.cathaypacific.com</u>
Cathay Pacific named 'Airline of the Year 2006' by Air Transport World







# CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31st December 2005

	Mata	2005	2004
Turnover	Note	HK\$M	HK\$M
·		30,274	26,407
Passenger services		12,852	11,395
Catarina recoveries and other services		7,783	4,959
Catering, recoveries and other services  Total turnover	2	50,909	42,761
		30,909	42,701
Expenses		(0.00E)	(0.040)
Staff		(9,025)	(8,842)
Inflight service and passenger expenses		(2,033)	(1,758)
Landing, parking and route expenses		(6,947)	(6,121)
Fuel		(15,588)	(9,321)
Aircraft maintenance		(4,527)	(3,784)
Aircraft depreciation and operating leases		(4,893)	(4,379)
Other deprecation and operating leases		(790)	(814)
Commissions		(555)	(529)
Others		(2,408)	(1,966)
Operating expenses		(46,766)	(37,514)
Operating profit	3	4,143	5,247
Finance charges		(1,605)	(1,628)
Finance income		1,161	1,045
Net finance charges		(444)	(583)
Share of profits of associates		269	298
Profit before tax		3,968	4,962
Taxation	4	(500)	(446)
Profit for the year		3,468	4,516
Profit attributable to			
Cathay Pacific shareholders		3,298	4,417
Minority interests		170	99
	· ·	3,468	4,516
Dividends			
Interim – paid	5	676	674
Final – proposed	5	947	1,520
		1,623	2,194
Earnings per share		HK¢	HK¢
Basic	6	97.7	131.4
Diluted	6	97.4	130.7
		HK\$	HK\$
Shareholders' funds per share		10.3	9.8



# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

at 31st December 2005			
		2005	2004
	Note	HK\$M	HK\$M
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets and liabilities			
Fixed assets		50,156	50,259
Intangible assets		260	348
Investments in associates		1,731	1,743
Other long-term receivables and investments		5,453	5,589
		57,600	57,939
Long-term liabilities		(27,745)	(27,698)
Related pledged security deposits		8,853	10,036
Net long-term liabilities		(18,892)	(17,662)
Retirement benefit obligations		(72)	(102)
Deferred taxation		(6,460)	(7,280)
		(25,424)	(25,044)
Net non-current assets		32,176	32,895
Current assets and liabilities	,		
Stock		657	524
Trade and other receivables	7	6,538	5,347
Liquid funds		13,459	11,474
		20,654	17,345
Current portion of long-term liabilities		(4,849)	(7,096)
Related pledged security deposits		1,286	2,127
Net current portion of long-term liabilities		(3,563)	(4,969)
Trade and other payables	8	(7,625)	(7,163)
Unearned transportation revenue		(3,864)	(3,622)
Taxation		(2,527)	(1,497)
		(17,579)	(17,251)
Net current assets		3,075	94
Net assets		35,251	32,989
CARITAL AND DECEDIES			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		676	674
Share capital		676	674
Reserves		34,292	32,181
Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders		34,968	32,855
Minority interests		283	134
Total equity		35,251	32,989



# 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants has issued new and revised Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") and Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") which became effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2005. As a result, accounting policies have been changed to comply with HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations", HKAS 17 "Leases" and HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The effect of these changes is to increase the 2005 profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders by HK\$216 million. Details of these changes and their impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position can be found in accounting policy 1 and note 28 to the accounts of the 2005 annual report respectively.

### 2. Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue from transportation services, airline catering, recoveries and other services provided to third parties. Recoveries have been included in the 2004 comparatives.

# (a) Primary reporting by geographical segment

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Turnover by origin of sale:		
North Asia		
- Hong Kong and Mainland China	20,256	17,242
- Japan, Korea and Taiwan	8,432	7,346
South West Pacific and South Africa	3,747	3,215
Europe	6,150	5,100
South East Asia and Middle East	5,870	4,699
North America	6,454	5,159
	50,909	42,761

Countries included in each region are defined in the 2005 annual report. Geographical and business segment results and segment net assets are not disclosed for the reasons set out in the 2005 annual report.

# (b) Secondary reporting by business segment

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Revenue – external sales		•
- Passenger services	30,274	26,407
- Cargo services	12,852	11,395
	43,126	37,802
Unallocated revenue		
- Catering, recoveries and other services	7,783	4,959
	50,909	42,761

The Group is engaged in two main business segments: in passenger business through the Company and in freight traffic through the Company and a subsidiary. Catering services, recoveries and other airline supporting services which supplement the Group's main operating business are included in unallocated revenue.

Analysis of net assets by business segment is not disclosed for the reasons set out in the 2005 annual report.



# 3. Operating profit

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Operating profit has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of fixed assets		
- Leased	1,853	1,855
- Owned	2,110	1,909
Amortisation of intangible assets	44	84
Operating lease rentals		
- Land and buildings	382	363
- Aircraft and related equipment	1,258	948
- Others	36	34
Operating lease income		
- Aircraft and related equipment	(11)	(23)
Cost of stock expensed	1,427	1,224
Exchange differences	(156)	(199)
Auditors' remuneration	6	6
Income from unlisted investments	(119)	(103)
Income from listed investments	(6)	(3)
Share of associates' tax	50	58

# 4. Taxation

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Current tax expenses		
- Hong Kong profits tax	61	55
- Overseas tax	327	276
- (Over)/under provisions for prior years	(72)	24
Deferred tax		
- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	184	91
	500	446

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 17.5% (2004: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Overseas tax is calculated at rates of tax applicable in countries to which the Group is assessable for tax. Tax provisions are reviewed regularly to take into account changes in legislation, practice and status of negotiations.

A reconciliation between tax charge and accounting profit at applicable tax rates is as follows:

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
Consolidated profit before tax	3,968	4,962
Notional tax calculated at Hong Kong profits tax rate of 17.5% (2004: 17.5%)	(694)	(868)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(184)	(168)
Tax provisions over/(under) provided in prior years	72	(24)
Effect of different tax rates in overseas jurisdictions	294	432
(Unused tax losses not recognised)/tax losses recognised	(97)	63
Income not subject to tax	109	119
Tax charge	(500)	(446)

Further information on deferred tax is shown in note 15 to the accounts in the 2005 annual report.



### 5. Dividends

	2005 HK\$ <b>M</b>	2004 HK\$M
2005 interim dividend paid on 3rd October 2005 of HK¢20 per share		
(2004: HK¢20 per share)	676	674
2005 final dividend proposed on 8th March 2006 of HK¢28 per share		
(2004: HK¢45 per share)	947	1,520
·	1,623	2,194

Subject to shareholders' approval of the final dividend at the Annual General Meeting on 10th May 2006, payment of the final dividend will be made on 2nd June 2006 to shareholders registered on 10th May 2006. The shareholders' register will be closed from 5th May 2006 to 10th May 2006, both dates inclusive.

# 6. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders of HK\$3,298 million (2004: HK\$4,417 million) by the daily weighted average number of shares in issue throughout the year of 3,377 million (2004: 3,362 million) shares and 3,386 million (2004: 3,379 million) shares respectively with the latter adjusted for the effects of the share options.

	2005	2004
	Million	Million
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in		
calculating basic earnings per share	3,377	3,362
Deemed issue of ordinary shares for no consideration	9	17
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in		
calculating diluted earnings per share	3,386	3,379

# 7. Trade and other receivables

	Group		Comp	pany
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Trade debtors	3,448	3,151	3,304	2,999
Derivative financial assets	886	-	886	-
Other receivables and prepayments	2,192	2,185	1,976	2,039
Due from associates	12	11	<b>b</b>	_
	6,538	5,347	6,166	5,038

As at 31st December 2005, derivative financial assets of the Group and the Company accounted for as held for trading amounted to HK\$119 million.

Group		Comp	oany
2005	2004	2004 2005	2004
HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
3,408	3,108	3,277	2,979
38	37	26	20
2	6	1	
3,448	3,151	3,304	2,999
	2005 HK\$M 3,408 38 2	2005 2004 HK\$M HK\$M  3,408 3,108  38 37  2 6	2005     2004     2005       HK\$M     HK\$M     HK\$M       3,408     3,108     3,277       38     37     26       2     6     1

The Group normally grants a credit term of 30 days to customers or follows the local industry standard with the debt in certain circumstances being partially protected by bank guarantee or other monetary collateral.



# 8. Trade and other payables

	Group		Con	npany	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	
Trade creditors	3,019	2,447	2,802	2,252	
Derivative financial liabilities	313	-	313	-	
Other payables	3,937	4,308	4,106	4,391	
Due to associates	211	265	204	258	
Due to other related companies	91	113	91	113	
Bank overdrafts – unsecured	54	30	49	7	
	7,625	7,163	7,565	7,021	

As at 31st December 2005, derivative financial liabilities of the Group and the Company accounted for as held for trading amounted to HK\$66 million.

	Group		Con	npany
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Analysis of trade creditors by age:			·	
Current	2,421	1,956	2,226	1,779
One to three months overdue	463	396	449	382
More than three months overdue	135	95	127	91
	3,019	2,447	2,802	2,252

# 9. Share capital

During the year under review, the Group did not purchase or redeem any shares in the Company. At 31st December 2005, 3,380,632,348 shares were in issue (31st December 2004: 3,370,215,348 shares).

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 10th March 1999. During the year, 10,417,000 shares were issued under the scheme. Details of the scheme can be found in note 19 to the accounts in the 2005 annual report.

## 10. Corporate governance

Cathay Pacific Airways is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and devotes considerable effort to identifying and formalising best practices of corporate governance. The Company has complied throughout the year with all the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules"). The Company has also put in place corporate governance practices to meet most of the recommended best practices in the CG Code.

The 2005 annual result has been reviewed by the Audit Committee. Details of Corporate Governance can be found in the 2005 annual report.

# 11. List of Directors as at the date of this announcement

### **Executive Directors**

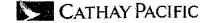
Christopher Dale Pratt, Robert Michael James Atkinson, Philip Nan Lok Chen, Derek George Cridland, Antony Nigel Tyler,

# **Non-Executive Directors**

Martin Cubbon, Henry Hung Ling Fan, James Wyndham John Hughes-Hallett, Vernon Francis Moore, Carl Ming Jie Yung, Xianlin Zhang

# **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Peter Ting Chang Lee, Raymond Ching Fai Or, Jack Chak Kwong So, Chee Chen Tung



# 12. Annual report

The 2005 annual report containing all the information required by the Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") will be published on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website <a href="https://www.cathaypacific.com">www.cathaypacific.com</a> by 4th April 2006. It will be sent to shareholders by 7th April 2006.



## Chairman's Letter

The Cathay Pacific Group has recorded a profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$3,298 million for 2005, compared with a profit of HK\$4,417 million in 2004, although turnover increased by 19.1% to a record HK\$50,909 million.

Continuing high fuel prices were the principal cause behind this disappointing result, with the escalating cost of fuel producing a reduced profit in the second half of the year, which is traditionally the much stronger period. For the full year, fuel expenditure increased by 67.2% to HK\$15,588 million, with fuel surcharges on tickets only partially offsetting the additional cost.

Our unit cost excluding fuel fell 1.9% as we continued to increase productivity and reduce controllable overheads.

Passenger revenue increased 14.6% to a record of HK\$30,274 million. We carried 15.4 million passengers in 2005, up by 1.8 million on the previous year. Yield increased 1.1% to HK46.3 cents, with strong demand from first and business class passengers. With the addition of new aircraft and services, our passenger capacity increased by 11.8%.

During the year, Cathay Pacific launched a third daily service to Los Angeles, a fourth daily service to London, and increased frequencies to Amsterdam, Beijing, Ho Chi Minh City, Johannesburg, Nagoya, Perth, Seoul and Singapore. We also commenced a three-times-weekly service to Xiamen and a codeshare service with Air China to Beijing.

The airline carried a record 1,118,047 tonnes of freight, mainly as a result of additional capacity and transshipment cargo to and from Shanghai, and set a cargo revenue record of HK\$11,585 million. However, both yield and load factor decreased to HK\$1.75 and 67.0% respectively due to increased competition and a slowdown in the growth of exports from South China.

In December, we announced our biggest ever order for new aircraft, with commitments for 16 Boeing 777-300ER long-range aircraft and three Airbus 330-300s, which will be delivered between 2007 and 2010, together with purchase rights for a further 20 B777-300ERs. This reflects the confidence we have in the future of Hong Kong and the aviation industry. We took delivery of the world's first B747-400BCF, or Boeing Converted Freighter. The prototype aircraft was converted by associate, Taikoo (Xiamen) Aircraft Engineering Company Limited, in Xiamen. We are to convert five more aircraft and have options on a further six.

During 2005, we also took delivery of one new B747-400F freighter, one B777-300 and three A330-300s while three second-hand B747-400 passenger aircraft were refitted and introduced into service. Our fleet will total 101 aircraft when we celebrate Cathay Pacific's 60th Anniversary in September 2006.

Our commitment to setting the industry standard for service has led to several major awards, including "Airline of the Year", in global polls of both passengers and travel industry professionals. These awards are a tribute to the hard work and dedication of all our staff.

Looking forward, we remain optimistic about our future, although our 2006 results are likely to remain heavily dependent on fuel prices and related surcharges. Our efforts will stay focused on delivering superior service and value to our customers, profitably growing our operations, and strengthening Hong Kong's position as a global aviation hub.

# **Christopher Pratt**

Chairman 8th March 2006



# **Financial and Operating Highlights**

Group Financial Statistics		2005	2004	Change
Results				
Turnover	HK\$ million	50,909	42,761	+19.1%
Profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	HK\$ million	3,298	4,417	-25.3%
Earnings per share	HK cents	97.7	131.4	-25.6%
Dividend per share	HK cents	48.0	65.0	-26.2%
Profit margin	%	7.4	11.3	-3.9%pt
Balance Sheet				
Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	HK\$ million	34,968	32,855	+6.4%
Net borrowings	HK\$ million	9,050	11,187	-19.1%
Shareholders' funds per share	HK\$	10.3	9.8	+5.1%
Net debt/equity ratio	Times	0.26	0.34	-0.08 times
Operating Statistics - Cathay Pacific		2005	2004	Change
	Million	2005 17,751	2004 15,794	Change +12.4%
Operating Statistics - Cathay Pacific  Available tonne kilometres ("ATK")  Passengers carried	Million			
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK")		17,751	15,794	+12.4%
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Passengers carried	·000	17,751 15,438	15,794 13,664	+12.4% +13.0%
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Passengers carried Passenger load factor	<sup>,</sup> 000	17,751 15,438 78.7	15,794 13,664 77.3	+12.4% +13.0% +1.4%pt
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Passengers carried Passenger load factor Passenger yield	'000 % HK cents	17,751 15,438 78.7 46.3	15,794 13,664 77.3 45.8	+12.4% +13.0% +1.4%pt +1.1%
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Passengers carried Passenger load factor Passenger yield Cargo carried	'000 % HK cents '000 tonnes	17,751 15,438 78.7 46.3 1,118	15,794 13,664 77.3 45.8 972	+12.4% +13.0% +1.4%pt +1.1% +15.0%
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Passengers carried Passenger load factor Passenger yield Cargo carried Cargo and mail load factor	'000 % HK cents '000 tonnes %	17,751 15,438 78.7 46.3 1,118 67.0	15,794 13,664 77.3 45.8 972 68.7	+12.4% +13.0% +1.4%pt +1.1% +15.0%
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Passengers carried Passenger load factor Passenger yield Cargo carried Cargo and mail load factor Cargo and mail yield	'000 % HK cents '000 tonnes % HK\$	17,751 15,438 78.7 46.3 1,118 67.0 1.75	15,794 13,664 77.3 45.8 972 68.7 1.76	+12.4% +13.0% +1.4%pt +1.1% +15.0% -1.7%pt -0.6%
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Passengers carried Passenger load factor Passenger yield Cargo carried Cargo and mail load factor Cargo and mail yield Cost per ATK	'000 % HK cents '000 tonnes % HK\$ HK\$	17,751 15,438 78.7 46.3 1,118 67.0 1.75 2.19	15,794 13,664 77.3 45.8 972 68.7 1.76 2.07	+12.4% +13.0% +1.4%pt +1.1% +15.0% -1.7%pt -0.6% +5.8%

# Capacity, Load Factor and Yield - Cathay Pacific

Capacity ASK / ATK (million) \* Load factor (%) Yield 2005 2004 2005 2004 Change Change Change Passenger services North Asia 13,057 12,290 +6.2% 70.8 +3.6%pt +1.8% 67.2 South West Pacific and South Africa 14,656 12,466 +17.6% 74.6 72.2 +2.4%pt -3.6% Europe 16,181 15,194 +6.5% 87.3 83.7 +3.6%pt -1.2% 75.0 15,764 +10.2% 74.3 -1.1% South East Asia and Middle East 17,376 +0.7%pt North America 21,496 18,348 +17.2% 82.7 84.9 -2.2%pt +8.1% 78.7 +1.1% Overall 82,766 74,062 +11.8% 77.3 +1.4%pt 9,879 67.0 Cargo services 8,748 +12.9% 68.7 -1.7%pt -0.6%

<sup>\*</sup> Capacity is measured in available seat kilometres ("ASK") for passenger services and available tonne kilometres ("ATK") for cargo services.



# Passenger services

### North Asia

- The increased frequency of Beijing flights to 14 a week and the introduction of our codeshare service with Air China strengthened Hong Kong's hub connections to the capital. A thrice-weekly flight was added to Xiamen.
- Economic recovery supported a rebound in the outbound market from Japan with high passenger growth to Europe.
- We added three additional flights a week to Nagoya.
- Interest in Korea, raised by the recent popularity of Korean food and culture in Hong Kong, stimulated leisure traffic. A fifth daily service was added to Seoul in January 2006.

### South West Pacific and South Africa

- We consolidated our third daily service to Sydney even as competition increased from a number of carriers.
- We added a fourth flight a week to Perth, bringing the number of direct services we operate to six cities in Australia to 52 each week.
- Services to Africa gained strength and we made Johannesburg a daily operation.

### Europe

- Loads to Europe, in particular the United Kingdom, remained high throughout the year.
- We launched a fourth daily service to London on 1st December. Flights to London now depart Hong Kong morning, afternoon and evening.
- Services to Rome will increase from five a week to seven and those to Frankfurt will increase from seven to 11 a week starting from the last week of March 2006.
- Services to Amsterdam became a daily operation.

### South East Asia and Middle East

- Ho Chi Minh City became a double-daily service as we ended our joint venture with Vietnam Airlines on this route while retaining our codeshare arrangement.
- The performance of services to the Philippines showed encouraging improvement.
- A second daily non-stop service started to Jakarta.
- Services to Singapore increased by seven more flights a week.

## North America

- The North American market performed well as revenue growth outpaced increased capacity. It was our second largest sales territory during the year.
- All United States services enjoyed strong support from business passengers.
- We now operate three daily non-stop services to Los Angeles. Cathay Pacific is the only airline to fly non-stop from Hong Kong to this United States gateway.

### Cargo services

- The world's first B747-400BCF passenger-to-freighter conversion aircraft entered service in December. At the end of 2005 we operated a fleet of seven B747-400 and seven B747-200 freighters.
- Yield and load factors declined as a result of weak demand out of Europe, the United States and Australia with traditional directional imbalances exaggerated by large increases in competitor capacity.
- We launched a three-times-weekly service to Dallas, continuing on to Atlanta. The two new destinations
  will also bring new opportunities to connect with transshipments from South and Central America.
- Overnight express operations on behalf of DHL were launched to Shanghai, Beijing and Nagoya in March, further developing Hong Kong as a regional express cargo hub.
- High fuel prices negatively affected the profitability of our freighter services. The adverse impact of high fuel prices was only partially offset by fuel surcharges passed on to customers.



# Operating expenses

Net operating expenses after deduction of Group recoveries HK\$6,446 million (2004: HK\$3,696 million) and of Cathay Pacific recoveries HK\$6,529 million (2004: HK\$3,774 million) are analysed as follows:-

	Group				Cathay Pac	ific
	2005	2004		2005	2004	
	HK\$M	HK\$M	Change	HK\$M	HK\$M	Change
Staff	9,025	8,842	+2.1%	8,132	7,985	+1.8%
Inflight service and passenger expenses	1,783	1,566	+13.9%	1,783	1,566	+13.9%
Landing, parking and route expenses	5,977	5,324	+12.3%	5,832	5,209	+12.0%
Fuel	11,640	7,836	+48.5%	11,400	7,704	+48.0%
Aircraft maintenance	4,527	3,784	+19.6%	4,459	3,768	+18.3%
Aircraft depreciation and operating leases	4,882	4,356	+12.1%	4,755	4,206	+13.1%
Other depreciation and operating leases	790	814	-2.9%	590	595	-0.8%
Commissions	555	529	+4.9%	555	529	+4.9%
Exchange gain	(156)	(199)	-21.6%	(148)	(201)	-26.4%
Others	1,297	966	+34.3%	1,147	820	+39.9%
Net operating expenses	40,320	33,818	+19.2%	38,505	32,181	+19.7%
Net finance charges	444	583	-23.8%	361	556	35.1%
Total net operating expenses	40,764	34,401	+18.5%	38,866	32,737	+18.7%

- Staff costs increased due to an increase in average staff numbers and backdated salary payments to cabin crew.
- Inflight service and passenger expenses rose due to a 13% increase in passenger numbers.
- Landing, parking and route expenses increased as a result of additional flights.
- Fuel costs increased due to a 38% increase in the average into plane fuel price to US\$1.73 per American gallon and a 11.2% increase in consumption to 1,160 million American gallons.
- Aircraft maintenance increased as a result of the fleet expansion.
- Aircraft depreciation and operating leases increased due to the new aircraft deliveries.
- Net finance charges decreased due to lower average net borrowings.
- Cathay Pacific's cost per ATK increased from HK\$2.07 to HK\$2.19 due to higher fuel prices.

# Assets

- Total assets as at 31st December 2005 amounted to HK\$78,254 million.
- During the year, additions to fixed assets were HK\$4,001 million, comprising HK\$3,883 million for aircraft and related equipment and HK\$118 million for other equipment.

# Borrowings and capital

- Borrowings decreased by 0.8% to HK\$22,455 million compared with HK\$22,631 million in 2004.
- Borrowings are mainly denominated in US dollars, Hong Kong dollars, Singapore dollars and Euros, and are fully repayable by 2018 with 51% at fixed rates of interest net of derivatives.
- Liquid funds, 67% of which are denominated in US dollars, increased by 17.3% to HK\$13,459 million.
- Net borrowings decreased by 19.1% to HK\$9,050 million.
- Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders increased by 6.4% to HK\$34,968 million.
- Net debt/equity ratio decreased from 0.34 times to 0.26 times.



Fleet profile

Aircraft			Number as at t December 2005		F	Firm orders					Expiry o			Purchase
type	1	Le	ased		Ĺ				Ĺ					rights
турс	Owned	Finance	Operating	Total	'06	'07	'08 and beyond	Total	'06	<b>'</b> 07	<sup>'</sup> 08	'11	'12	l ngms
Aircraft operat	ted by Ca	thay Pacif	îc :											
B747-400	19		3	22 <sup>(a)</sup>	4 <sup>(b)</sup>	1		5		1	_		2	
B747-200F	. 4	3		7										
B747-400F	2	4		6										
B747-400BCF	1			1										
B777-200	1	4		5										
B777-300	1	10		11	1			1						
B777-300ER						5 <sup>(c)</sup>	11 <sup>(d)</sup>	16						20 <sup>(e)</sup>
A330-300	1	22	3	26	1	2	3 <sup>(f)</sup>	6				3		
A340-300		11	4	15					3			1		
A340-600			3	3						2	1			
Total	29	54	13	96	6	8	14	28	3	3	1	4	2	20
Aircraft operat	ed by AH	К:												
A300-600F	2	4		6	2			2						

- (a) One aircraft under reconfiguration.
- (b) One aircraft on 9 year operating lease.
- (c) Two aircraft on 10 year operating leases.
- (d) Two aircraft on 10 year operating leases.
- (e) Purchase rights for aircraft delivered by 2017.
- (f) Aircraft on 7.5 year operating leases.

### Review of subsidiaries and associates

- AHK Air Hong Kong Limited ("AHK") recorded a higher profit in 2005 despite the adverse impact of higher fuel prices. During the year, AHK further expanded its overnight express cargo network to Seoul, increasing the number of destinations it serves in Asia to seven, together with Bangkok, Osaka, Penang, Singapore, Taipei and Tokyo.
- Cathay Pacific Catering Services (H.K.) Limited recorded a satisfactory result in 2005 despite a series of food scares in Hong Kong. However, the profit margin decreased with higher crude oil prices and costsaving campaigns of customer airlines seeking to compensate for higher fuel prices.
- Hong Kong Dragon Airlines Limited recorded a 18.0% and a 27.9% increase in passenger and cargo revenue on 2005 respectively. However, higher fuel prices have affected the results of the airline significantly.
- Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company Limited achieved a consolidated profit attributable to its shareholders of HK\$618 million, a 41.1% increase on the previous year. Construction of the new twostorey office on the cargo apron and the second hangar at Hong Kong International Airport are making good progress.

# Corporate Responsibility

- Cathay Pacific believes that we have a responsibility to give something back to the communities in which
  we operate. Our community and charitable programmes focus on supporting youth, contributing to
  environmental and educational initiatives, and helping those least able to help themselves.
- We are committed to seeking new ways to minimise the consequences of our operations, and to integrating environmental best practice into our day-to-day business and long-term development strategies.
- The safety and security of our passengers and staff is our highest priority, and our mission is to make Cathay Pacific Airways the safest airline in the world.
- Cathay Pacific and its subsidiaries and associates employ over 33,000 people worldwide. More than
  11,000 Cathay Pacific staff are Hong Kong-based and a further 12,000 work for local associates, making
  the Cathay Pacific Group one of Hong Kong's biggest employers. We review our human resource and
  remuneration policies regularly in the light of local legislation, industry practice, market conditions and the
  performance of individuals and the Company.



• Our goal is to deliver superior service and value to our customers and to become the world's most admired airline.

· (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (Stock Code: 293)

Statutory advertisement



# CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31st December 2005	2006 MAR 16 A 11: 44			
	CASTOR TO BOTTO TELEPORATE P		2004	
	Note	HK\$M	HK\$M	
Turnover		20.274	26.407	
Passenger services	•	30,274	26,407	
Cataring resolveries and other continue		12,852	11,395	
Catering, recoveries and other services  Total turnover		7,783	4,959	
	2	50,909	42,761	
Expenses Staff		(0.025)	(0.040	
		(9,025)	(8,842)	
Inflight service and passenger expenses		(2,033)	(1,758)	
Landing, parking and route expenses		(6,947)	(6,121	
Fuel		(15,588)	(9,321	
Aircraft daynesisting and an anating to accept		(4,527)	(3,784	
Aircraft depreciation and operating leases		(4,893)	(4,379	
Other deprecation and operating leases		(790)	(814)	
Commissions		(555)	(529)	
Others		(2,408)	(1,966	
Operating expenses		(46,766)	(37,514)	
Operating profit	3	4,143	5,247	
Finance charges		(1,605)	(1,628)	
Finance income		1,161	1,045	
Net finance charges		(444)	(583)	
Share of profits of associates		269	298	
Profit before tax		3,968	4,962	
Taxation	4	(500)	(446	
Profit for the year		3,468	4,516	
Profit attributable to				
Cathay Pacific shareholders		3,298	4,417	
Minority interests		170	99	
		3,468	4,516	
Dividends				
Interim – paid	5	676	674	
Final – proposed	5	947	1,520	
		1,623	2,194	
Earnings per share		HK¢	HK¢	
Basic	6	97.7	131.4	
Diluted	6	97.4	130.7	
		HK\$	HK\$	
Shareholders' funds per share		10.3	9.8	



# at 31st December 2005

at 31st December 2005			
		2005	2004
	Note	HK\$M	HK\$M
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets and liabilities			
Fixed assets		50,156	50,259
Intangible assets		260	348
Investments in associates		1,731	1,743
Other long-term receivables and investments		5,453	5,589
		57,600	57,939
Long-term liabilities		(27,745)	(27,698)
Related pledged security deposits		8,853	10,036
Net long-term liabilities		(18,892)	(17,662)
Retirement benefit obligations		(72)	(102)
Deferred taxation		(6,460)	(7,280)
		(25,424)	(25,044)
Net non-current assets		32,176	32,895
Current assets and liabilities			
Stock	•	657	524
Trade and other receivables	7	6,538	5,347
Liquid funds		13,459	11,474
		20,654	17,345
Current portion of long-term liabilities		(4,849)	(7,096)
Related pledged security deposits		1,286	2,127
Net current portion of long-term liabilities		(3,563)	(4,969)
Trade and other payables	8	(7,625)	(7,163)
Unearned transportation revenue		(3,864)	(3,622)
Taxation		(2,527)	(1,497)
		(17,579)	(17,251)
Net current assets		3,075	94
Net assets		35,251	32,989
			<del> </del>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	1		
Share capital		676	674
Reserves		34,292	32,181
Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders		34,968	32,855
Minority interests		283	134
Total equity		35,251	32,989

· (Stock Code: 293)



# 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants has issued new and revised Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") and Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") which became effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2005. As a result, accounting policies have been changed to comply with HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations", HKAS 17 "Leases" and HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The effect of these changes is to increase the 2005 profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders by HK\$216 million. Details of these changes and their impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position can be found in accounting policy 1 and note 28 to the accounts of the 2005 annual report respectively.

## 2. Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue from transportation services, airline catering, recoveries and other services provided to third parties. Recoveries have been included in the 2004 comparatives.

# (a) Primary reporting by geographical segment

2005	2004
HK\$M	HK\$M
20,256	17,242
8,432	7,346
3,747	3,215
6,150	5,100
5,870	4,699
6,454	5,159
50,909	42,761
	20,256 8,432 3,747 6,150 5,870 6,454

Countries included in each region are defined in the 2005 annual report. Geographical and business segment results and segment net assets are not disclosed for the reasons set out in the 2005 annual report.

## (b) Secondary reporting by business segment

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Revenue – external sales		
- Passenger services	30,274	26,407
- Cargo services	12,852	11,395
	43,126	37,802
Unallocated revenue		
- Catering, recoveries and other services	7,783	4,959
	50,909	42,761

The Group is engaged in two main business segments: in passenger business through the Company and in freight traffic through the Company and a subsidiary. Catering services, recoveries and other airline supporting services which supplement the Group's main operating business are included in unallocated revenue.

Analysis of net assets by business segment is not disclosed for the reasons set out in the 2005 annual report.



# 3. Operating profit

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Operating profit has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of fixed assets		
- Leased	1,853	1,855
- Owned	2,110	1,909
Amortisation of intangible assets	44	84
Operating lease rentals		
- Land and buildings	382	363
- Aircraft and related equipment	1,258	948
- Others	36	34
Operating lease income		
- Aircraft and related equipment	(11)	(23)
Cost of stock expensed	1,427	1,224
Exchange differences	(156)	(199)
Auditors' remuneration	6	6
Income from unlisted investments	(119)	(103)
Income from listed investments	(6)	(3)
Share of associates' tax	50	58

## 4. Taxation

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Current tax expenses		
- Hong Kong profits tax	61	55
- Overseas tax	327	276
- (Over)/under provisions for prior years	(72)	24
Deferred tax		
- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	184	91
	500	446

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 17.5% (2004: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Overseas tax is calculated at rates of tax applicable in countries to which the Group is assessable for tax. Tax provisions are reviewed regularly to take into account changes in legislation, practice and status of negotiations.

A reconciliation between tax charge and accounting profit at applicable tax rates is as follows:

	2005	2004
	нк\$м	HK\$M
Consolidated profit before tax	3,968	4,962
Notional tax calculated at Hong Kong profits tax rate of 17.5% (2004: 17.5%)	(694)	(868)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(184)	(168)
Tax provisions over/(under) provided in prior years	72	(24)
Effect of different tax rates in overseas jurisdictions	294	432
(Unused tax losses not recognised)/tax losses recognised	(97)	63
Income not subject to tax	109	119
Tax charge	(500)	(446)

Further information on deferred tax is shown in note 15 to the accounts in the 2005 annual report.

(Stock Code: 293)



# 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

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### 2. Tumover

Turnover comprises revenue from transportation services, airline catering, recoveries and other services provided to third parties. Recoveries have been included in the 2004 comparatives.

# (a) Primary reporting by geographical segment

	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M
Turnover by origin of sale:		
North Asia		
- Hong Kong and Mainland China	20,256	17,242
- Japan, Korea and Taiwan	8,432	7,346
South West Pacific and South Africa	3,747	3,215
Europe	6,150	5,100
South East Asia and Middle East	5,870	4,699
North America	6,454	5,159
	50,909	42,761

Countries included in each region are defined in the 2005 annual report. Geographical and business segment results and segment net assets are not disclosed for the reasons set out in the 2005 annual report.

## (b) Secondary reporting by business segment

2005	2004
HK\$M	HK\$M
30,274	26,407
12,852	11,395
43,126	37,802
7,783	4,959
50,909	42,761
	30,274 12,852 43,126 7,783

The Group is engaged in two main business segments: in passenger business through the Company and in freight traffic through the Company and a subsidiary. Catering services, recoveries and other airline supporting services which supplement the Group's main operating business are included in unallocated revenue.

Analysis of net assets by business segment is not disclosed for the reasons set out in the 2005 annual report.

# CATHAY PACIFIC AIRWAYS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 293)



# 5. Dividends

	2005 HK\$M	2004 HK\$M
2005 interim dividend paid on 3rd October 2005 of HK¢20 per share	THE THE TAX TO SEE TH	
(2004: HK¢20 per share)	676	674
2005 final dividend proposed on 8th March 2006 of HK¢28 per share		
(2004: HK¢45 per share)	947	1,520
	1,623	2,194

Subject to shareholders' approval of the final dividend at the Annual General Meeting on 10th May 2006, payment of the final dividend will be made on 2nd June 2006 to shareholders registered on 10th May 2006. The shareholders' register will be closed from 5th May 2006 to 10th May 2006, both dates inclusive.

## 6. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders of HK\$3,298 million (2004: HK\$4,417 million) by the daily weighted average number of shares in issue throughout the year of 3,377 million (2004: 3,362 million) shares and 3,386 million (2004: 3,379 million) shares respectively with the latter adjusted for the effects of the share options.

	2005	2004
	Million	Million
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in		
calculating basic earnings per share	3,377	3,362
Deemed issue of ordinary shares for no consideration	9	17
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in		
calculating diluted earnings per share	3,386	3,379
calculating diluted earnings per share	3,386	3,

## 7. Trade and other receivables

	Group		Company	
	2005 HK\$M	2004	2005	2004
		HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Trade debtors	3,448	3,151	3,304	2,999
Derivative financial assets	886	_	886	-
Other receivables and prepayments	2,192	2,185	1,976	2,039
Due from associates	12	11		_
	6,538	5,347	6,166	5,038

As at 31st December 2005, derivative financial assets of the Group and the Company accounted for as held for trading amounted to HK\$119 million.

Group		Com	pany
2005 HK\$M	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
3,408	3,108	3,277	2,979
38	37	26	20
2	6	1	-
3,448	3,151	3,304	2,999
	2005 HK\$M 3,408 38 2	2005 2004 HK\$M HK\$M 3,408 3,108 38 37 2 6	2005     2004     2005       HK\$M     HK\$M     HK\$M       3,408     3,108     3,277       38     37     26       2     6     1

The Group normally grants a credit term of 30 days to customers or follows the local industry standard with the debt in certain circumstances being partially protected by bank guarantee or other monetary collateral.



# 8. Trade and other payables

	Group		Company	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Trade creditors	3,019	2,447	2,802	2,252
Derivative financial liabilities	313	-	313	
Other payables	3,937	4,308	4,106	4,391
Due to associates	211	265	204	258
Due to other related companies	91	113	91	113
Bank overdrafts – unsecured	54	30	49	7
	7,625	7,163	7,565	7,021

As at 31st December 2005, derivative financial liabilities of the Group and the Company accounted for as held for trading amounted to HK\$66 million.

	Group		Company	
	2005 HK\$M	2004	2005	2004
		HK\$M HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
Analysis of trade creditors by age:		÷		
Current	2,421	1,956	2,226	1,779
One to three months overdue	463	396	449	382
More than three months overdue	135	95	127	91
	3,019	2,447	2,802	2,252

# 9. Share capital

During the year under review, the Group did not purchase or redeem any shares in the Company. At 31st December 2005, 3,380,632,348 shares were in issue (31st December 2004: 3,370,215,348 shares).

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 10th March 1999. During the year, 10,417,000 shares were issued under the scheme. Details of the scheme can be found in note 19 to the accounts in the 2005 annual report.

# 10. Corporate governance

Cathay Pacific Airways is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and devotes considerable effort to identifying and formalising best practices of corporate governance. The Company has complied throughout the year with all the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules"). The Company has also put in place corporate governance practices to meet most of the recommended best practices in the CG Code.

The 2005 annual result has been reviewed by the Audit Committee. Details of Corporate Governance can be found in the 2005 annual report.

### 11. Annual report

The 2005 annual report containing all the information required by the Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") will be published on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website www.cathaypacific.com by 4th April 2006. It will be sent to shareholders by 7th April 2006.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 293)



#### Chairman's Letter

The Cathay Pacific Group has recorded a profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$3,298 million for 2005, compared with a profit of HK\$4,417 million in 2004, although turnover increased by 19.1% to a record HK\$50,909 million.

Continuing high fuel prices were the principal cause behind this disappointing result, with the escalating cost of fuel producing a reduced profit in the second half of the year, which is traditionally the much stronger period. For the full year, fuel expenditure increased by 67.2% to HK\$15,588 million, with fuel surcharges on tickets only partially offsetting the additional cost.

Our unit cost excluding fuel fell 1.9% as we continued to increase productivity and reduce controllable overheads.

Passenger revenue increased 14.6% to a record of HK\$30,274 million. We carried 15.4 million passengers in 2005, up by 1.8 million on the previous year. Yield increased 1.1% to HK46.3 cents, with strong demand from first and business class passengers. With the addition of new aircraft and services, our passenger capacity increased by 11.8%.

During the year, Cathay Pacific launched a third daily service to Los Angeles, a fourth daily service to London, and increased frequencies to Amsterdam, Beijing, Ho Chi Minh City, Johannesburg, Nagoya, Perth, Seoul and Singapore. We also commenced a three-times-weekly service to Xiamen and a codeshare service with Air China to Beijing.

The airline carried a record 1,118,047 tonnes of freight, mainly as a result of additional capacity and transshipment cargo to and from Shanghai, and set a cargo revenue record of HK\$11,585 million. However, both yield and load factor decreased to HK\$1.75 and 67.0% respectively due to increased competition and a slowdown in the growth of exports from South China.

In December, we announced our biggest ever order for new aircraft, with commitments for 16 Boeing 777-300ER long-range aircraft and three Airbus 330-300s, which will be delivered between 2007 and 2010, together with purchase rights for a further 20 B777-300ERs. This reflects the confidence we have in the future of Hong Kong and the aviation industry. We took delivery of the world's first B747-400BCF, or Boeing Converted Freighter. The prototype aircraft was converted by associate, Taikoo (Xiamen) Aircraft Engineering Company Limited, in Xiamen. We are to convert five more aircraft and have options on a further six.

During 2005, we also took delivery of one new B747-400F freighter, one B777-300 and three A330-300s while three second-hand B747-400 passenger aircraft were refitted and introduced into service. Our fleet will total 101 aircraft when we celebrate Cathay Pacific's 60th Anniversary in September 2006.

Our commitment to setting the industry standard for service has led to several major awards, including "Airline of the Year", in global polls of both passengers and travel industry professionals. These awards are a tribute to the hard work and dedication of all our staff.

Looking forward, we remain optimistic about our future, although our 2006 results are likely to remain heavily dependent on fuel prices and related surcharges. Our efforts will stay focused on delivering superior service and value to our customers, profitably growing our operations, and strengthening Hong Kong's position as a global aviation hub.

### **Christopher Pratt**

Chairman 8th March 2006



# Financial and Operating Highlights

Group Financial Statistics		2005	2004	Change
Results				
Turnover	HK\$ million	50,909	42,761	+19.1%
Profit attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	HK\$ million	3,298	4,417	-25.3%
Earnings per share	HK cents	97.7	131.4	-25.6%
Dividend per share	HK cents	48.0	65.0	-26.2%
Profit margin	%	7.4	11.3	-3.9%pt
Balance Sheet			· ·	
Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders	HK\$ million	34,968	32,855	+6.4%
Net borrowings	HK\$ million	9,050	11,187	-19.1%
Shareholders funds per share	HK\$	10.3	9.8	+5.1%
Net debt/equity ratio	Times	0.26	0.34	-0.08
			:	times
Operating Statistics - Cathay Pacific		2005	2004	Change
Available tonne kilometres ("ATK")	Million	17,751	15,794	+12.4%
Passengers carried	<i>'000'</i>	15,438	13,664	+13.0%
Passenger load factor	%	78.7	77.3	+1.4%pt
Passenger yield	HK cents	46.3	45.8	+1.1%
Cargo carried	'000 tonnes	1,118	972	+15.0%
Cargo and mail load factor	%	67.0	68.7	-1.7%pt
Cargo and mail yield	HK\$	1.75	1.76	-0.6%
Cost per ATK	HK\$	2.19	2.07	+5.8%
Cost per ATK without fuel	HK\$	1.55	1.58	-1.9%
Aircraft utilisation	Hours per day	12.6	12.0	+5.0%
On-time performance	%	86.1	90.3	-4.2%pt

# Capacity, Load Factor and Yield - Cathay Pacific

Capacity

AS	SK / ATK (m	illion) *	i	Yield		
2005	2004	Change	2005	2004	Change	Change
•						
13,057	12,290	+6.2%	70.8	67.2	+3.6%pt	+1.8%
14,656	12,466	+17.6%	74.6	72.2	+2.4%pt	-3.6%
16,181	15,194	+6.5%	87.3	83.7	+3.6%pt	-1.2%
17,376	15,764	+10.2%	75.0	74.3	+0.7%pt	-1.1%
21,496	18,348	+17.2%	82.7	84.9	-2.2%pt	+8.1%
82,766	74,062	+11.8%	78.7	77.3	+1.4%pt	+1.1%
9,879	8,748	+12.9%	67.0	68.7	-1.7%pt	-0.6%
	2005 13,057 14,656 16,181 17,376 21,496 82,766	2005     2004       13,057     12,290       14,656     12,466       16,181     15,194       17,376     15,764       21,496     18,348       82,766     74,062	13,057 12,290 +6.2% 14,656 12,466 +17.6% 16,181 15,194 +6.5% 17,376 15,764 +10.2% 21,496 18,348 +17.2% 82,766 74,062 +11.8%	2005         2004         Change         2005           13,057         12,290         +6.2%         70.8           14,656         12,466         +17.6%         74.6           16,181         15,194         +6.5%         87.3           17,376         15,764         +10.2%         75.0           21,496         18,348         +17.2%         82.7           82,766         74,062         +11.8%         78.7	2005         2004         Change         2005         2004           13,057         12,290         +6.2%         70.8         67.2           14,656         12,466         +17.6%         74.6         72.2           16,181         15,194         +6.5%         87.3         83.7           17,376         15,764         +10.2%         75.0         74.3           21,496         18,348         +17.2%         82.7         84.9           82,766         74,062         +11.8%         78.7         77.3	2005         2004         Change         2005         2004         Change           13,057         12,290         +6.2%         70.8         67.2         +3.6%pt           14,656         12,466         +17.6%         74.6         72.2         +2.4%pt           16,181         15,194         +6.5%         87.3         83.7         +3.6%pt           17,376         15,764         +10.2%         75.0         74.3         +0.7%pt           21,496         18,348         +17.2%         82.7         84.9         -2.2%pt           82,766         74,062         +11.8%         78.7         77.3         +1.4%pt

is measured in available seat kilometres ("ASK") for passenger services and available tonne kilometres for cargo services.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 293)



# Passenger services

## North Asia

- The increased frequency of Beijing flights to 14 a week and the introduction of our codeshare service with Air China strengthened Hong Kong's hub connections to the capital. A thrice-weekly flight was added to Xiamen.
- Economic recovery supported a rebound in the outbound market from Japan with high passenger growth to Europe.
- We added three additional flights a week to Nagoya.
- Interest in Korea, raised by the recent popularity of Korean food and culture in Hong Kong, stimulated leisure traffic. A fifth daily service was added to Seoul in January 2006.

## South West Pacific and South Africa

- We consolidated our third daily service to Sydney even as competition increased from a number of carriers.
- We added a fourth flight a week to Perth, bringing the number of direct services we operate to six cities in Australia to 52 each week.
- Services to Africa gained strength and we made Johannesburg a daily operation.

### Europe

- Loads to Europe, in particular the United Kingdom, remained high throughout the year.
- We launched a fourth daily service to London on 1st December. Flights to London now depart Hong Kong morning, afternoon and evening.
- Services to Rome will increase from five a week to seven and those to Frankfurt will increase from seven to 11 a week starting from the last week of March 2006.
- Services to Amsterdam became a daily operation.

### South East Asia and Middle East

- Ho Chi Minh City became a double-daily service as we ended our joint venture with Vietnam Airlines on this route while retaining our codeshare arrangement.
- The performance of services to the Philippines showed encouraging improvement.
- A second daily non-stop service started to Jakarta.
- Services to Singapore increased by seven more flights a week.

# North America

- The North American market performed well as revenue growth outpaced increased capacity. It was our second largest sales territory during the year.
- All United States services enjoyed strong support from business passengers.
- We now operate three daily non-stop services to Los Angeles. Cathay Pacific is the only airline to fly non-stop from Hong Kong to this United States gateway.

### Cargo services

- The world's first B747-400BCF passenger-to-freighter conversion aircraft entered service in December. At the end of 2005 we operated a fleet of seven B747-400 and seven B747-200 freighters.
- Yield and load factors declined as a result of weak demand out of Europe, the United States and Australia with traditional directional imbalances exaggerated by large increases in competitor capacity.
- We launched a three-times-weekly service to Dallas, continuing on to Atlanta. The two new destinations
  will also bring new opportunities to connect with transshipments from South and Central America.
- Overnight express operations on behalf of DHL were launched to Shanghai, Beijing and Nagoya in March, further developing Hong Kong as a regional express cargo hub.
- High fuel prices negatively affected the profitability of our freighter services. The adverse impact of high fuel prices was only partially offset by fuel surcharges passed on to customers.



# Operating expenses

Net operating expenses after deduction of Group recoveries HK\$6,446 million (2004: HK\$3,696 million) and of Cathay Pacific recoveries HK\$6,529 million (2004: HK\$3,774 million) are analysed as follows:-

		Group		Cathay Pacific			
	2005	2004		2005	2004		
	HK\$M	HK\$M	Change	HK\$M	HK\$M_	Change	
Staff	9,025	8,842	+2.1%	8,132	7,985	+1.8%	
Inflight service and passenger expenses	1,783	1,566	+13.9%	1,783	1,566	+13.9%	
Landing, parking and route expenses	5,977	5,324	+12.3%	5,832	5,209	+12.0%	
Fuel	11,640	7,836	+48.5%	11,400	7,704	+48.0%	
Aircraft maintenance	4,527	3,784	+19.6%	4,459	3,768	+18.3%	
Aircraft depreciation and operating leases	4,882	4,356	+12.1%	4,755	4,206	+13.1%	
Other depreciation and operating leases	790	814	-2.9%	590	595	-0.8%	
Commissions	555	529	+4.9%	555	529	+4.9%	
Exchange gain	(156)	(199)	-21.6%	(148)	(201)	-26.4%	
Others	1,297	966	+34.3%	1,147	820	+39.9%	
Net operating expenses	40,320	33,818	+19.2%	38,505	32,181	+19.7%	
Net finance charges	444	583	-23.8%	361	556	-35.1%	
Total net operating expenses	40,764	34,401	+18.5%	38,866	32,737	+18.7%	

- Staff costs increased due to an increase in average staff numbers and backdated salary payments to cabin crew.
- Inflight service and passenger expenses rose due to a 13% increase in passenger numbers.
- Landing, parking and route expenses increased as a result of additional flights.
- Fuel costs increased due to a 38% increase in the average into plane fuel price to US\$1.73 per American gallon and a 11.2% increase in consumption to 1,160 million American gallons.
- Aircraft maintenance increased as a result of the fleet expansion.
- Aircraft depreciation and operating leases increased due to the new aircraft deliveries.
- Net finance charges decreased due to lower average net borrowings.
- Cathay Pacific's cost per ATK increased from HK\$2.07 to HK\$2.19 due to higher fuel prices.

### **Assets**

- Total assets as at 31st December 2005 amounted to HK\$78,254 million.
- During the year, additions to fixed assets were HK\$4,001 million, comprising HK\$3,883 million for aircraft and related equipment and HK\$118 million for other equipment.

# Borrowings and capital

- Borrowings decreased by 0.8% to HK\$22,455 million compared with HK\$22,631 million in 2004.
- Borrowings are mainly denominated in US dollars, Hong Kong dollars, Singapore dollars and Euros, and are fully repayable by 2018 with 51% at fixed rates of interest net of derivatives.
- Liquid funds, 67% of which are denominated in US dollars, increased by 17.3% to HK\$13,459 million.
- Net borrowings decreased by 19.1% to HK\$9,050 million.
- Funds attributable to Cathay Pacific shareholders increased by 6.4% to HK\$34,968 million.
- Net debt/equity ratio decreased from 0.34 times to 0.26 times.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 293)



# Fleet profile

Aircraft type	Number as at 31st December 2005 Leased			Firm orders			Expiry of operating leases				Purchase rights			
							operating leases							
						_	'08 and	Ì						ligilis
	Owned	Finance	ce Operating	Total	'06	'07	beyond	Total	'06	'07	'08	'11	'12	
Aircraft operat	ed by Cat	thay Pacif	ic :											
B747-400	19		3	22 <sup>(a)</sup>	4 <sup>(b)</sup>	1		5		1			2	
B747-200F	4	3		7										
B747-400F	2	4		6										
B747-400BCF	1			1										
B777-200	1	4		5										
B777-300	1	10		11	1			1						
B777-300ER						5 <sup>(c)</sup>	11 <sup>(d)</sup>	16						20 <sup>(e)</sup>
A330-300	1	22	3	26	1	2	3 <sup>(f)</sup>	6				3		
A340-300	_	11	4	15					3			1		
A340-600			3	3			-			2	1			
Total	29	54	13	96	6	8	14	28	3	3	1	4	2	20
Aircraft operat	ed by AH	K :												
A300-600F	2	4		6	2			2						

- (a) One aircraft under reconfiguration.
- (b) One aircraft on 9 year operating lease.
- (d) Two aircraft on 10 year operating leases.(e) Purchase rights for aircraft delivered by 2017.
- (c) Two aircraft on 10 year operating leases.
- (f) Aircraft on 7.5 year operating leases.

### Review of subsidiaries and associates

- AHK Air Hong Kong Limited ("AHK") recorded a higher profit in 2005 despite the adverse impact of higher fuel prices. During the year, AHK further expanded its overnight express cargo network to Seoul, increasing the number of destinations it serves in Asia to seven, together with Bangkok, Osaka, Penang, Singapore, Taipei and Tokyo.
- Cathay Pacific Catering Services (H.K.) Limited recorded a satisfactory result in 2005 despite a series of food scares in Hong Kong. However, the profit margin decreased with higher crude oil prices and costsaving campaigns of customer airlines seeking to compensate for higher fuel prices.
- Hong Kong Dragon Airlines Limited recorded a 18.0% and a 27.9% increase in passenger and cargo revenue on 2005 respectively. However, higher fuel prices have affected the results of the airline significantly.
- Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company Limited achieved a consolidated profit attributable to its shareholders of HK\$618 million, a 41.1% increase on the previous year. Construction of the new twostorey office on the cargo apron and the second hangar at Hong Kong International Airport are making good progress.

# Corporate Responsibility

- Cathay Pacific believes that we have a responsibility to give something back to the communities in which we operate. Our community and charitable programmes focus on supporting youth, contributing to environmental and educational initiatives, and helping those least able to help themselves.
- We are committed to seeking new ways to minimise the consequences of our operations, and to integrating environmental best practice into our day-to-day business and long-term development strategies.
- The safety and security of our passengers and staff is our highest priority, and our mission is to make Cathay Pacific Airways the safest airline in the world.
- Cathay Pacific and its subsidiaries and associates employ over 33,000 people worldwide. More than 11,000 Cathay Pacific staff are Hong Kong-based and a further 12,000 work for local associates, making the Cathay Pacific Group one of Hong Kong's biggest employers. We review our human resource and remuneration policies regularly in the light of local legislation, industry practice, market conditions and the performance of individuals and the Company.



• Our goal is to deliver superior service and value to our customers and to become the world's most admired airline.

# List of Directors as at the date of this announcement

Executive Directors: Christopher Dale Pratt, Robert Michael James Atkinson, Philip Nan Lok Chen, Derek George Cridland, Antony Nigel Tyler,

Non-Executive Directors: Martin Cubbon, Henry Hung Ling Fan, James Wyndham John Hughes-Hallett, Vernon Francis Moore, Carl Ming Jie Yung, Xianlin Zhang

Independent Non-Executive Directors: Peter Ting Chang Lee, Raymond Ching Fai Or, Jack Chak Kwong So, Chee Chen Tung

Please refer to the published version of this announcement in The Standard.